Electricity Subsidies in the GCC States

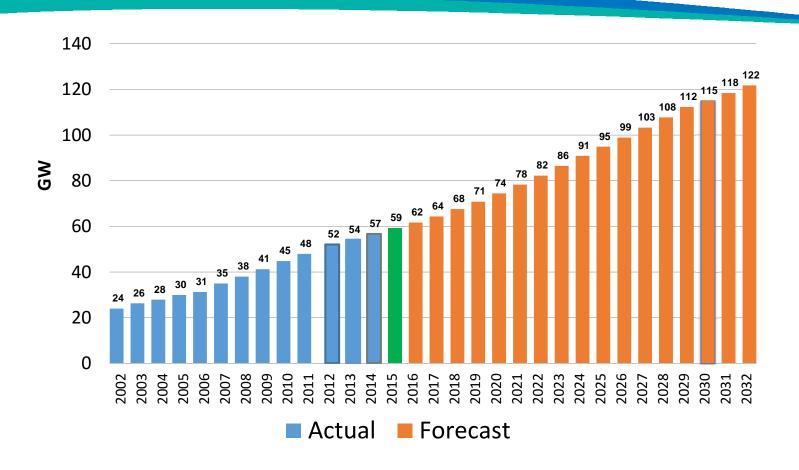
Abdullah M. Al-Shehri ECRA



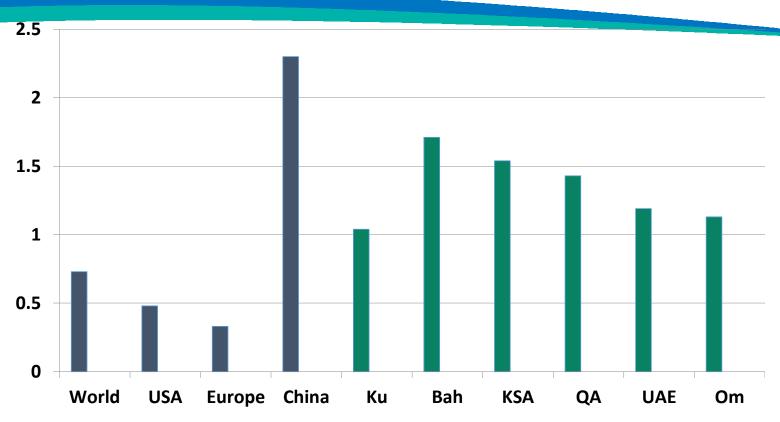
Government Support

- Government support helped meeting the fast growth and took several forms including:
 - Low or no interest loans
 - Low fuel prices
 - High government consumption tariffs
- The Government support lacks the following:
 - Clarity of amount and timing of loans
 - Direction to intended and deserving entities
- Lack or delay of Government support leads to:
 - Big jumps in tariffs
 - Lower quality or lack of service

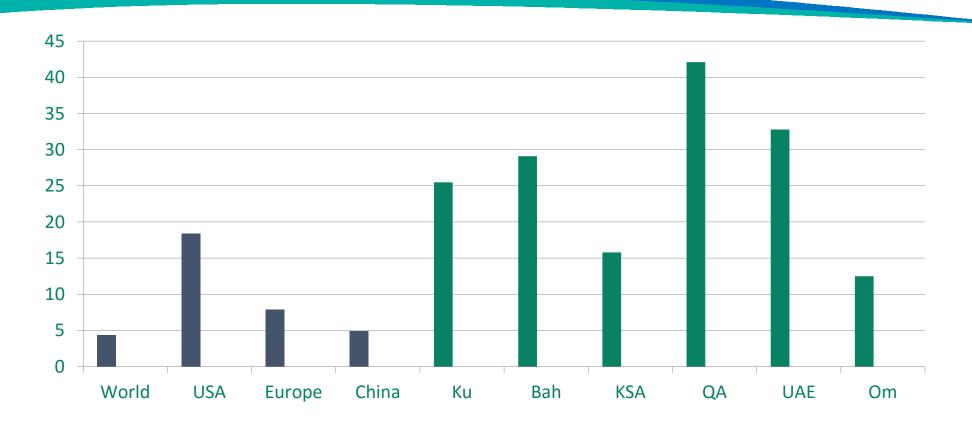
Electricity Peak Demand Growth (2002-2032)



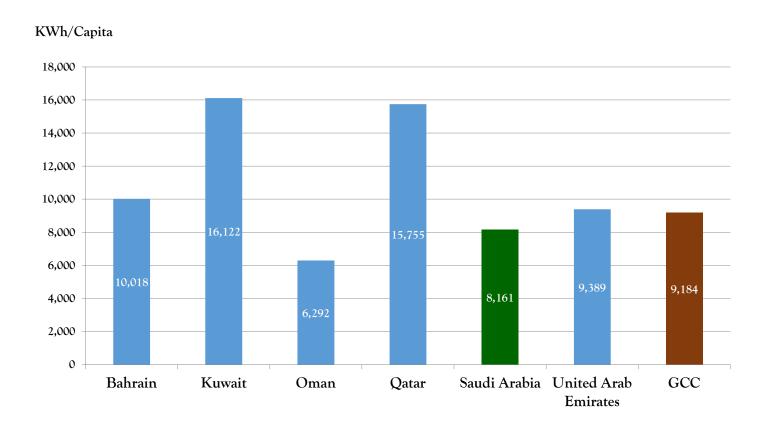
CO2 Emissions per GDP in 2008 (kg co2 / \$US)



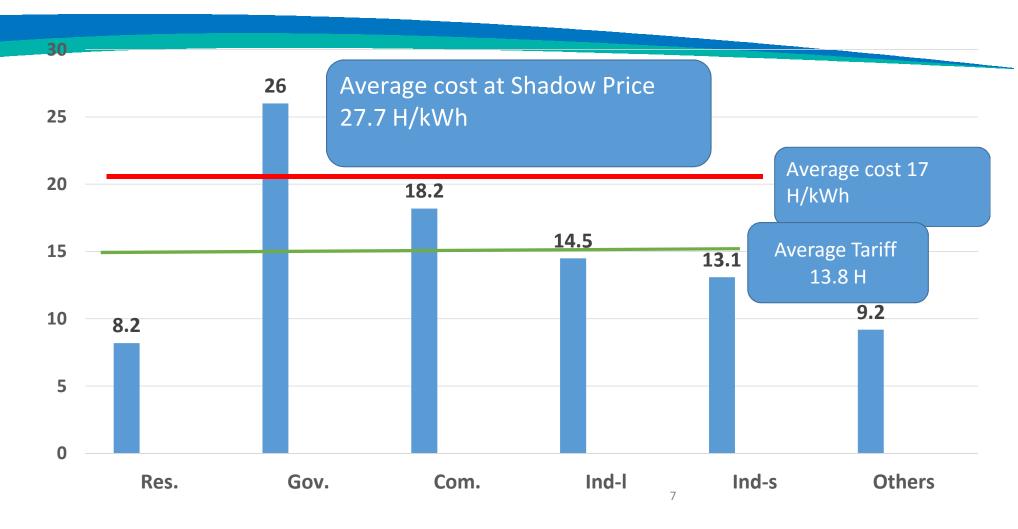
CO2 Emissions per Capita in 2008 (tones co2 / Capita)



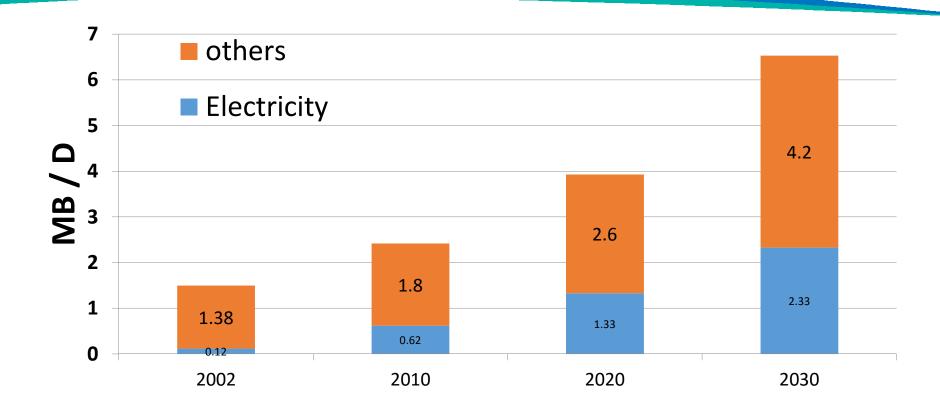
Average Per Capita Electricity Consumption in the GCC States.



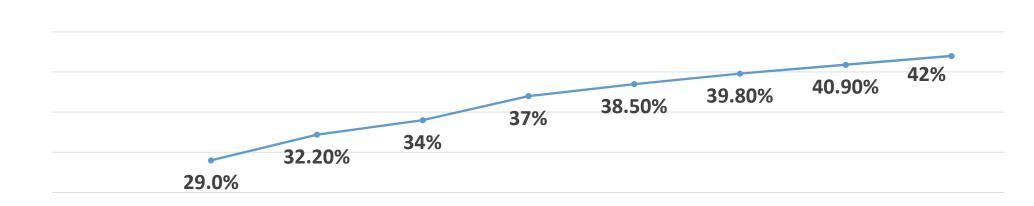
Electricity Tariffs and Cost in KSA



Domestic Liquid Fuel Consumption in KSA



Generation efficiency Improvement



_Efficiency improvement from 30% to 40% saves 60 TBOE per day _OECD 40%

2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	g 2021	2023	2025

Challenges

- Very High Growth Rates Due to:
 - Population growth
 - Per capita consumption increase
 - Economic developments
 - Rigid and low tariffs
- Low Efficiency
- High Dependence on government Support
- Dependence on Conventional Sources

THANK YOU

17/12/2015

